**DATES:** The direct final rule published at 64 FR 11 is effective on 0901 UTC, March 25, 1999.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Kathy Randolph, Air Traffic Division, Airspace Branch, ACE–520C, Federal Aviation Administration, 601 East 12th Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64106; telephone: (816) 426–3408.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The FAA published this direct final rule with a request for comments in the Federal Register on January 4, 1999 (64 FR 11). The FAA uses the direct final rulemaking procedure for a noncontroversial rule where the FAA believes that there will be no adverse public comment. This direct final rule advised the public that no adverse comments were anticipated, and that unless a written adverse comment, or a written notice of intent to submit such an adverse comment, were received within the comment period, the regulation would become effective on March 25, 1999. No adverse comments were received, and thus this notice confirms that this direct final rule will become effective on that date.

Issued in Kansas City, MO on February 4, 1999.

## Herman J. Lyons, Jr.,

Manager, Air Traffic Division, Central Region. [FR Doc. 99–4178 Filed 2–19–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

## **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

#### **Federal Aviation Administration**

## 14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 98-ACE-58]

## Amendment to Class E Airspace; Dubuque, IA

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

**ACTION:** Direct final rule; confirmation of effective date.

**SUMMARY:** This document confirms the effective date of a direct final rule which revises Class E airspace at Dubuque, IA. **DATE:** The direct final rule published at 64 FR 8 is effective on 0901 UTC, March 25, 1999.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Kathy Randolph, Air Traffic Division, Airspace Branch, ACE–502C, Federal Aviation Administration, 601 East 12th Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64106; telephone: (816) 426–3408.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The FAA published this direct final rule with a request for comments in the **Federal Register** on January 4, 1999 (64 FR 8).

The FAA uses the direct final rulemaking procedure for a noncontroversial rule where the FAA believes that there will be no adverse public comment. This direct final rule advised the public that no adverse comments were anticipated, and that unless a written adverse comment, or a written notice of intent to submit such an adverse comment, were received within the comment period, the regulation would become effective on March 25, 1999. No adverse comments were received, and thus this notice confirms that this direct final rule will become effective on that date.

Issued in Kansas City, MO on February 4, 1999.

#### Herman J. Lyons,

Manager, Air Traffic Division, Central Region. [FR Doc. 99–4177 Filed 1–19–99; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

## **Federal Aviation Administration**

## 14 CFR Part 71

[Airspace Docket No. 99-ACE-5]

# Amendment to Class E Airspace; El Dorado, KS

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT. ACTION: Direct final rule; request for comments.

**SUMMARY:** This action amends the Class E airspace area at Captain Jack Thomas/ El Dorado Airport, El Dorado, KS. The FAA has developed Global Positioning System (GPS) Runway (RWY), 4 GPS RWY 15, GPS RWY 22, GPS RWY 33, and Nondirectional Radio Beacon (NDB) RWY 4 Standard Instrument Approach Procedures (SIAPs) to serve Captain Jack Thomas/El Dorado Airport, KS. Additional controlled airspace extending upward from 700 feet Above Ground Level (AGL) is needed to accommodate these SIAPs and for Instrumental Flight Rules (IFR) operations at this airport. The enlarged area will contain the new GPS RWY 4, GPS RWY 15, GPS RWY 22, GPS RWY 33, and NDB RWY 4 SIAPs in controlled airspace.

In addition, a minor revision to the Airport Reference Point (ARP) geographic coordinates for the Captain Jack Thomas/El Dorado Airport is included in this document. The intended effect of this rule is to provide controlled Class E airspace for aircraft executing the GPS RWY 4, GPS RWY 15, GPS RWY 22, GPS RWY 33, and NDB RWY 4 SIAPs, revise the ARP

coordinates for the Captain Jack Thomas/El Dorado Airport, and to segregate aircraft using instrument approach procedures in instrument conditions from aircraft operating in visual conditions.

**DATES:** This direct final rule is effective on 0901 UTC, May 20, 1999.

Comments for inclusion in the Rules Docket must be received on or before April 1, 1999.

ADDRESSES: Send comments regarding the rule in triplicate to: Manager, Airspace Branch, Air Traffic Division, ACE–520, Federal Aviation Administration, Docket Number 99–ACE–5, 601 East 12th Street, Kansas City, MO 64106.

The official docket may be examined in the Office of the Regional Counsel for the Central Region at the same address between 9:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

An informal docket may also be examined during normal business hours in the Air Traffic Division at the same address listed above.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Kathy Randolph, Air Traffic Division, Airspace Branch, ACE–520C, Federal Aviation Administration, 601 East 12th Street, Kansas City, MO 64106; telephone: (816) 426–3408.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The FAA has developed GPS RWY 4, GPS RWY 15, GPS RWY 22, GPS RWY 33, and NDB RWY 4 SIAPs to serve the Captain Jack Thomas/El Dorado Airport, El Dorado, KS. In addition, the Class E airspace includes a minor revision to the geographic coordinates for the Captain Jack Thomas/El Dorado Airport ARP. The amendment to Class E airspace at El Dorado, KS, will provide additional controlled airspace at and above 700 feet AGL in order to contain the new SIAPs within controlled airspace, and thereby facilitate separation of aircraft operating under Instrument Flight Rules. The area will be depicted on appropriate aeronautical charts. Class E airspace areas extending upward from 700 feet or more above the surface of the earth are published in paragraph 6005 of FAA Order 7400.9F. dated September 10, 1998, and effective September 16, 1998, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The Class E airspace designation listed in this document will be published subsequently in the Order.

## The Direct Final Rule Procedure

The FAA anticipates that this regulation will not result in adverse or negative comment and, therefore, is issuing it as a direct final rule. Previous